



ALEXANDRIA.

FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 18.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the times."

A terrible tragedy has occurred at Valparaiso, Indiana. Chauncey Page, some time since had trouble with his wife, which led to a separation, the wife going as a servant into the family of an old man residing in the vicinity. Page went to the house and succeeded in obtaining an interview with his wife, during which he threw her upon the floor, beat and kicked her in a terrible manner, and left her for dead. He then went to an adjoining room, and with a heavy poker, attacked his wife's mother, and killed her, and then, set the house on fire, and fled to the woods.

The Dutch Minister of Internal Affairs has presented his second report on the cattle plague to the King. It appears from it that since June, 1865, when the plague first appeared in Holland, 90,469 head of cattle have been attacked by it. Of these 39,595 died, 17,460 were killed, 32,080 recovered, 1,405 remaining under treatment on December 31, the date of the report.

In the Philadelphia Common Council an altercation took place between Messrs. Miller and Wray, two of the members, which ended in a rough-and-tumble fight. The scene was closed by the presiding officer clearing the chamber, and having the gas turned off. At one time there was a prospect that the whole chamber would become engaged in the fight.

A resolution has been introduced into the Pennsylvania Legislature, expressing indignation at the nomination of Mr. Cowan as Minister to Austria, and charging President Johnson with contemplating a direct insult to the people of Pennsylvania, and calling upon the Republican Senators and Representatives to oppose the confirmation of Mr. Cowan.

The steamer San Juan Del Sur, with passengers, which left New York December 20, has arrived at San Francisco. She reports that seven soldiers now on board are on the sick list, five died of cholera during the passage, and three civilians of intermittent fever. Forty soldiers died on the Isthmus, and about the same number of civilians.

Another cargo of goods for the Paris Exposition is to sail from New York this week. Among the consignments is a richly finished street railroad car, got up in the latest style of the art. This car is intended for a Bombay (India) street railroad, and stops at the Paris Exposition on its way thither.

At New Haven, Connecticut, the heaviest snow storm that has occurred for ten years commenced on Wednesday and ceased yesterday. The depth of snow on a level was twenty inches, but was drifted in places by a strong gale of wind to a height of twenty feet.

We learn from some of the Maine journals that the shipbuilders of that State are proposing a convention at Augusta this winter, to take into consideration the disadvantages under which that branch of manufacture labors in consequence of the present tariff.

Yesterday, John M. Langston, a colored man, was admitted to practice at the bar of the Supreme Court of the U. S. This is the second instance of this kind, a colored man having been admitted to practice in this court about two years ago.

Telegraph orders have been sent to General Reynolds, commanding at Brownsville, Texas, releasing Gen. Sedgwick from arrest, for the unauthorized occupation of Matamoros, and ordering him to his regiment.

An old oil well in Uniontown, Pennsylvania, one day last week suddenly began to throw up stones and water to the height of more than a hundred feet. The phenomenon continued for over an hour.

An ice gorge near Cincinnati broke loose on the night of the 16th. A great number of loaded and empty barges were swept away—loss \$100,000. Several steamboats were injured.

A Paris paper, of the 29th ult., says: "An innovation has been quite recently noticed in ladies' dresses, jet ornaments having been replaced by amber."

Captain Samuel Hazard, of the United States navy, died yesterday morning, at Newport, R. I.

All the railroad trains leading into Baltimore are delayed by the snow on the tracks.

EUROPE.

LATEST BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Reform League in London is preparing for another monster trade demonstration. The affair will come off on the 11th of February, and is expected to surpass any demonstration of the kind ever made in England.

The Hungarian Diet, with remarkable unanimity, design to break their negotiations with Austria if that Government continues to oppose the wishes of Hungary in insisting on an army organization scheme and other measures equally oppressive and odious to the people.

The Presse of Vienna says large insurance has been made at Hamburg on the personal effects of Maximilian, to be shipped per steamer Maria to Ragusa.

PARDONS.—Mr. John Minor Botts, some time since delivered an *obiter dictum* to the effect that all the pardons granted by Mr. Johnson to our citizens were worthless, upon the ground, if we remember aright, that the President could not pardon before conviction. The U. S. Supreme Court could hardly have seen this opinion of Mr. Botts, for they have just gone on to decide that the power of the President extends to every offence known to the law, and may be exercised at any time after its commission, either before legal proceedings are taken, or during their pendency, or after conviction and judgment. In view of this conflict of great minds, we think it would be safer for every one to hold on to his parchment.—*Richmond Examiner*.

WOMEN AT WORK.—In the Atlanta News we find this little paragraph: "Two sisters, left in a state of utter destitution, employ themselves in cutting wood and hauling it to Mobile."

The New Era probably got its information from one of the Mobile papers. We don't know who the two sisters are, but we do know that they ought to find a ready sale and the best of prices for all the wood they can cut and haul. But this is not the first instance of the determination of the women of Alabama to make an honest living for themselves when it becomes necessary to do so. We have been told of another case, some fifty or sixty miles up the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, in which four sisters exhibited the same commendable spirit of independence and self-reliance.—*Mobile Register*.

The President's House has recently been repaired, refitted and improved. Some of the newspapers give elaborate accounts of the new carpets, new curtains, new papering, &c.

AN ASTOUNDING PROPOSITION.—Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, presented a petition in the Senate on Tuesday asking Congress to prohibit any person addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors from holding office under the United States government. This is the first proposition yet made for the total abolition of the government. If this law were to pass it would be equivalent to dissolution; for we would not have a soul to administer or execute the functions of government.—*New York Times*.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Stratford House, in Westmoreland county, Va., with 2,500 acres of land, the colonial homestead of the Lee family and the birth-place of General Robert E. Lee, has been recently purchased by the Southern Orphan Association. The property is offered in three prizes by the Association in a gift scheme comprising the sale of 500,000 tickets at one dollar each, and the distribution of 2,004 prizes, none of which of less value than \$100.

One hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars of the city of Wheeling bonds, guaranteed by the State of Virginia to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, were surrendered to the treasurer on Tuesday and destroyed, and the like amount of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad stock, held by the State as security, was delivered to that city.

A gentleman in Orange county, Va., who holds \$50,000 in State bonds, proposes to surrender half of them to the State if the Legislature will agree to pay him the interest on the remainder. He advises other holders of bonds to make a similar proposition.

A very large number of checks received on deposit at the National Exchange Bank in Richmond, on the 15th, instant have mysteriously disappeared. As payment of them has been stopped, there can be no loss to the bank.

The snow is very deep in Northern Virginia. In Prince William county, on Sunday night and Monday, there was a fresh fall of eight inches in depth.

The negroes of Petersburg are taking measures to provide for the indigent of their own class, and propose to establish a soup-house for that purpose.

Joseph Mowbray, long and well known among the sporting fraternity of Richmond, died in Philadelphia a few days since.

There was a sale of 5,000 Virginia sizes at the New York stock board on Saturday, at fifty-eight dollars.

BURNING OF THE JAIL, AT KINGSTREE, S. C.—The Charleston Mercury gives a few particulars of the fearful tragedy which took place at Kingstree, S. C., on the 7th inst. It is supposed that the jail was fired by the negro prisoners confined within its walls, in the hope of making their escape. The fire had gained so much headway before it was discovered that its progress could not be arrested. One white man only was in the jail at the time, and he escaped; but twenty-two of the negro prisoners perished in the flames.

The sheriff with the assistance of nearly all the citizens in the village, and the garrison at the place, immediately took the most active measures to save, if possible, the unfortunate inmates. The door on the basement was opened, but the dense and suffocating smoke prevented any one from rescuing those who occupied the third story. As a last resort, strenuous efforts were then made, with the assistance of ladders, to remove the grating from one of the windows, which proved ineffectual. Human agency could effect nothing. Every effort was made to rescue them which could be suggested, but all to no purpose.

To the meantime, we see that Captain J. W. Closs, in command at Charleston, by order of General J. C. Robinson, assuming from the exaggerated reports he had received, that there was criminality somewhere, has directed the arrest of the jailor and sheriff, with instructions to hold them in military confinement until the charge of murder, until the civil authorities shall be ready and willing to try them.

CONGRESS.—The Senate, yesterday, passed, with an amendment, the joint resolution appropriating \$500,000 to secure a site in New York for a postoffice and custom-house, and the bill to increase the pay of postoffice route agents; also the bill making the consent of Congress necessary before branch roads of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad can enter the District of Columbia. The bill to regulate the tenure of office coming up, a long debate ensued, during which quite an exciting scene ensued between Messrs. Sumner, McDougall and others, causing frequent calls to order and motions to adjourn. No final action was taken on the bill.

The House took up the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. Various amendments were adopted, including one to pay a pardon clerk to the President, which had been previously stricken out. The bill, as amended, was then passed. Several bills relating to the District of Columbia were passed. The committee on military affairs was directed to proceed to West Point and inquire into alleged abuses in furnishing articles to the cadets there. Mr. Stevens's bill to enable the Southern States to form valid governments was again taken up and discussed.

THEY WANT PEACE.—The New Orleans Times says that General Hood, at the Maguire dinner in that city, "after speaking of the deeds of valor, performed by soldiers and officers in the late war, turned upon his crutch, and with an earnest eloquence, as unexpected as it was sublime, pronounced a glowing apostrophe to peace. No man who heard the utterances of the 'broken soldier' at that occasion could fail to be impressed by his sincerity. 'He had seen enough of war; enough of its sickening and desolating consequences, and he looked forward with prayer and hope to an era of peaceful industry, when the sword and spear should be forgotten in the use of those more worthy implements—the plowshare and the pruning hook—and the thunder of ordnance replaced by the hum of trade and the buzz of machinery.'

"Such is the desire and earnest prayer of the great majority of the Southern people."

THE POLICY which promises best as a whole is to cultivate only good or manured lands,—to hire a sufficiency of labor for that purpose, for money wages,—and to attend closely to one's business. Hired labor on poor lands, without fertilizers, will bring any farmer to poverty. Find good laborers, and attach them to the homestead by comfortable houses, kind treatment, and fair dealing. Overcropping is to be avoided, not only in laying out too large a crop, but in undertaking more than we are capable of; but there is also such an evil as under-cropping, where a man's operations are below the level of his abilities and opportunities.

Let both be shunned. The seasons were very unpropitious last year, and the best efforts often met with meagre results. But it is better to work than to grumble,—better to struggle than to repine,—and the harvest of 1867 may be those of two years in one.—*Richmond Enquirer*.

MARRIED.—On the 12th instant, by the Rev. Henry Nice, JOHN ARMISTEAD and ELLEN GIBSON, all of Alexandria.

On the 14th instant, by the Rev. Henry Nice, ROBT. T. WADE and MARY A. BENNET, all of Alexandria.

DIED.—At her residence, in Warrenton, on the 13th instant, Mrs. H. C. WHITE, in the 75th year of her age.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.—In the Senate, on Wednesday, the principal feature in the proceedings was a discussion on the subject of the office of Register of the Land Office. The disposition to abolish the office is very strong. The subject was not disposed of. A bill was reported in reference to the Penitentiary. It proposes to remodel that institution, and contains several innovations upon the old system of its government and operation. One of its features is to hire out the convicts to contractors, &c.

A bill authorizing railroad companies to subscribe for and hold stock in the Virginia Express Company, which was taken up, and passed.

Mr. Trout, by leave, introduced a bill No. 79, to provide for the completion of a line of lines of railroad from the waters of the Chesapeake to the Ohio river.

In the House of Delegates, the Usury Bill was discussed, without, however, coming to any decision.

House bill to amend section 1, of an act entitled an act to authorize the city of Alexandria, to issue bonds in satisfaction of arrears of interest on the public debt, was passed.

A bill was introduced by Mr. English relative to the incorporation of the Arlington Turnpike Company. Also, the petition of Joseph Canford.

A GIFT TO PRINCETON COLLEGE.—Leonard Jerome, of New York, has presented to Rev. Dr. Maclean, president of Princeton College, \$5,000 in U. S. bonds, the interest of which is to be devoted annually to the presentation of medals to the graduating senior "who shall be decided by vote of his classmates to be the first gentleman of his class."

Mr. Jerome, in his letter tendering the gift to the president of the college, says:

"I know you are surprised, at the novelty of this request, but you will be still more so when I tell you that you are the cause of it. I have not forgotten the remark you make upon a certain occasion to my class: 'Young gentlemen, with all your getting, I advise you to get a little manners.' I am right, then, to offer a centum to carry out your views."

I think the most pressing necessity of Young America just now is the article you recommend. We have plenty of science, and are pretty well up, considering our years, in art; but our manners, I must say, are rather rough. If the trifling offer shall have the effect to stimulate the young gentlemen under your charge to improvement in this respect, I shall feel that I have done them and the country a service.

The character of a gentleman I consider within the capacity of all—at least it requires no extraordinary intellect. A due regard for the feelings of others is, in my judgment, its foundation."

Gov. Peirpoint is in Richmond again from a visit to Washington and Baltimore.

The National Executive Committee of the Radical party are in session in Washington.

Gold, NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Gold, to day, 137½.

CITY COUNCIL.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., January 17, 1867.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen, held at their chamber this evening, there were present, George Bryan, esq., President; Messrs. Herbert, Brewis, Smith, Uhler and Fleming.

Mr. Bryan offered a preamble and resolutions of instruction to our representatives in the Virginia Legislature, in reference to the bill now pending before that body, concerning the proposed Railroad along the Canal and over the Aqueduct, which were unanimously adopted.

The preamble and resolutions were returned from the Common Council, with a substitute in lieu thereof, passed by that Board, whereupon this board reconsidered its action, and the question being taken on the substitute, it was rejected by the following vote:

AYES.—Messrs. Bryan, Barton, Smith and Uhler—4.

NAYS.—Messrs. Brewis and Fleming—2.

Mr. Fleming moved a reconsideration of the vote, which motion was adopted, and the action of the Common Council on the substitute was then concurred in.

A petition of Daniel Bryan was received from the Common Council, and their action concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Bryan the Clerk was requested to send a copy of the resolution passed by both branches of the City Council, to the Senator from this District, and the Delegates from this county, in the Legislature of Virginia. The Board then adjourned.

JNO. J. JAMIESON, Clerk.

COMMON COUNCIL.

At a called meeting of the Common Council of Alexandria, held Jan. 17, 1867, there were present, J. B. Smoot, esq., President; Messrs. Burke, Markell, Lambert, Ashby, Brown, Herbert, Clifford, Johnson, Summers and Hough.

The following was received from the Board of Aldermen, and concurred in:

ORDERED, That the Auditor issue his warrant for one hundred dollars, to be expended for the use of the Soup House, and for no other purpose.

The following bills were read from the Board of Aldermen, and their reference to the Committee on Claims concurred in:

Thos. Sinclair, carpenter's work..... \$24.43

The petition of S. O. Baggett for correction of assessment, was received from the Board of Aldermen, and its reference to a Special Committee agreed to, and Messrs. Herbert and Witmer appointed said committee.

A communication from the Superintendent of the Night Watch, was referred to a Special Committee, Messrs. Markell and Johnson.

The petition of B. H. Lambert, Jas. Campbell and Mrs. Martha Chatham, were referred to a Special Committee, Messrs. Herbert and Witmer.

A preamble and resolutions relative to the aqueduct and berm bank of the Alexandria Canal being used for a railroad, was received from the Board of Aldermen, when:

Mr. Ashby offered the following substitute, which was concurred in:

Resolved, That the Senator from this District and the Delegates from this county to the Legislature of Virginia, be requested to have the bill now pending before the Legislature, granting the right to the Alexandria Canal Co., the right to build a railroad along the berm bank of the Canal, and use the piers of the aqueduct for a bridge, so amended, that before they can use the same for such a purpose, they shall first compensate the city of Alexandria for the use of said berm bank and aqueduct piers, as may be agreed upon by said lessees and the City Council.

The petition of D. Bryan, for the refunding of certain taxes, was referred to the Committee on Claims.

A communication was received from the Mayor, informing the City Council of the resignation of Jos. Padgett, as Police Constable, when the following was adopted:

Resolved, That the City Council will, at its regular meeting on Tuesday next, the 22d inst., elect a Police Constable, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Jos. Padgett. The Council then adjourned.

THOS. M. WHITE, Clerk.

JOHN T. HENDERSON desires to return his sincere thanks to the firemen and citizens generally, who so kindly assisted in saving his property from the fire on Wednesday night. His thanks are especially due to Capt. J. C. Welch, for his timely discovery of the fire, and his vigilance and assistance in saving the goods and protecting them.

PENNSYLVANIA WHEAT GREASE for Carriage, Wagons, Carriages and Railroad Machinery—received and for sale by HENRY COOK, nov 14-1f 39, King street.

CLOTHING DEALERS.

83 ARNOLD & FIELD, 83

MERCHANT TAILORS. Have removed from No. 69 to No. 83, King street, and resumed their old business, where they would be pleased to receive a call from their friends, or any one in want of a suit of good clothes. We have on hand and are receiving a good line of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, LINENS, &c., which we will make to order, very low, for the next two months, especially.

We propose to continue our GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, where you will always find the latest styles. We will furnish WHITE SHIRTS, Philadelphia style, as cheap as they can be had at retail in Philadelphia. Warranted to fit and wear well. Call and see us, at No. 83, King st., 3 doors west of Royal. aug 1-4f

WILLIAM MURRAY, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 7, NORTH FAIRFAX STREET, Has just received a fall and winter assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS. He invites his friends and customers to call and examine his stock. sep 6-1f

WILLIAM R. ATWELL, FASHIONABLE TAILOR, 20, 7, NORTH FAIRFAX STREET, THREE DOORS FROM KING. Would announce to his friends and the public that he is again prepared to attend to all orders for work in his line, in his usually satisfactory style. mar 16-4f

FOR SALE AND RENT. 1070 acres, near Catlett's Station, and including the "New Jersey Settlement," (throughout which a Union sentiment is, and was during the late rebellion, predominant,) will be sold, for cash payment, a cheap bargain.

It is situated on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, which runs through the estate, at 35 miles from Alexandria, and is called "Ridge Plantation," where are supposed to be about 40 acres of timber land, averaging about 20 cords per acre; and the rest is in various states of cultivation.

There is a good FRAME HOUSE, built since the war. The fencing about half the way repaired; the other half destroyed by the troops—requires to be repaired.

There are many springs of right good water, of which one, never failing, is had on good water to the kitchen.

If not so shortly, the farm will be let at a money rent, to a responsible tenant, with good crops, or the advertiser would exchange the estate for good city property, of equal value in Alexandria, Washington or Georgetown.

It is sold for payment by installments, the usual stipulation will be required, and prohibiting the cutting of timber, (except for farm and domestic purposes) until the payment of the last installment, when the title, quite perfect, will be transferred to the purchaser.

For further particulars address, Dr. EDWARD KING, Catlett's Station, P. O. O. & A. R. R., dec 27-1a3f

FOR RENT.—THE STORE AND Dwelling, on Fairfax between Queen and Princess streets, containing nine rooms.

Also, TWO HOUSES, containing five rooms each, on Fairfax, between Queen and Princess streets—possession, given immediately. Enquire at No. 130, King st. jan 1-1f

DESIRABLE HOUSES FOR SALE. Two adjoining houses, Nos. 47 and 49, on the west side of Water street, 55 ft. inches north of Duke street. The lots front on Water street about 163 feet each, and run back 61 ft. 5 inches. Apply to W. C. YEATON, Attorney for Owner, dec 10-6-1f

FOR RENT.—HOUSE No. 102, Canal street, Alexandria, from January 1st, 1867, containing about twenty rooms, with garden, stable and out houses attached. Rent \$200. Address W. C. "Star" office, Alexandria, D. C. dec 26-1f

FOR RENT OR LEASE.—The three story brick DWELLING, No. 13, Fair street—furnished with gas, and suitable for further particulars apply at No. 101, Prince st. dec 5-1f W. A. HARPER.

FOR RENT.—Two STORES under the Mansion House Hotel; also, DWELLING HOUSES—two suitable for large families, or boarding houses, and others of smaller capacity. And on Union street, convenient to the railroad, TWO LARGE YARDS, suitable for the lumber, coal, wood, or plaster trade. Enquire of JAMES GREEN, 58, Prince street. 15-1f

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE, VA., IN FULL OPERATION.—This time-honored Institution is again in successful operation, with a full Corps of Professors, and the several schools are filled by able and experienced men. There are five literary and scientific schools, viz: Of Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, Moral Philosophy and Modern Languages. In addition to the above, the Board of Trustees have established a School of Commercial Science, with the view of giving to the young men of the country a Business Education.

To graduates in all these schools, Diplomas are granted, and the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Master of Arts are conferred upon students who have accomplished a certain course. The high grade of scholarship, formerly required, is still maintained. We have a full Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus for the illustration of the subjects taught.

The location of the College is unsurpassed for health and scenery. It is situated midway between the mountains and the seaboard; and during a career of thirty-three years, and with thousands of young men in attendance, there has never been a death arising from malaria or other local cause. We profess to educate young men not only mentally and morally, but physically also.

Board is sixteen dollars per month. Tuition from \$10 to \$30, according to the number of schools attended. \$250 will cover the expenses of board, tickets for three schools, matriculation and contingent fees for ten months.

Rooms are provided for the student, and the student provides his own furniture, fuel and lights. Young men who are preparing for the ministry and those disabled by the late war who are unable to pay their tuition, will be allowed to attend any or all of the schools free of charge.

This college is situated near Bayton, the county seat of Mecklenburg county, Va. Arrangements are made to transport students from Ridgely Depot, on the Raleigh and Weldon Railroad, whilst a conveyance leaves Round-oke station, on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and the Wolf Trap Depot, on the same road, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

We solicit a liberal patronage from Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina, from the West, South and Southwest.

Students will be received at any time. The second term will commence on the 1st day of February next. Young men will be received and prepared for the College proper. For further particulars address the undersigned at Bayton, Mecklenburg co., Va. THOMAS C. JOHNSON, President of R. M. C. College. MECKLENBURG Co., Va., Dec. 17-1f Feb 15.

GREAT ADVANTAGES TO FAMILIES. Come one, come all, give CONWAY a call, at the old Star Engine Hall, 1-3, South Washington street, between Prince and Kings. My customers desiring to become acquainted with the mode of frying oysters in restaurant style, will give me an early call, as I am giving advice free. You all may know how to make small oysters large, by taking a pleasant walk to CONWAY'S HALL. dec 27-1f

Particular attention given to Country trade. Fresh supplies always on hand at the old STAR ENGINE HALL, No. 18, St. Asaph street, between Prince and Kings. dec 27-1f

BOARD.—GENTLEMEN desiring DAY BOARD, can be accommodated by applying to Mrs. N. W. BAGGART, at No. 27, KING STREET. A few can be accommodated with LODGING. Transient custom also desired. dec 27-1f

SARATOGA WATER.—20 dozen of Saratoga Water, just received and for sale by the case or less quantity. HENRY COOK, sep 14-1f 39, King street.

HOOE & WEDDERBURN,

(SUCCESSORS TO FOWLE & CO.)

SHIPPING, FORWARDING &

Commission Merchants

FOOT OF PRINCE ST. ALEXANDRIA.

Wholesale Dealers and Importers in all kinds of

FERTILIZERS,

PLASTER,

SALT,

TOBACCO,

GRAIN,

FLOUR,

SYRUP,

FISH,

&c., &c.

We have on hand and to arrive, for sale, the following Fertilizers:

NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO,

FOWLE & CO'S CELEBRATED

SOLUBLE PHOSPHATED GUANO,

WM. H. FOWLE, BAYNE & CO'S

MANIPULATED GUANO.

Compound Phosphates and Alkalies.

Ammoniated Phosphate with Alkali and Plaster

and Potash intimately combined—will stand high as a Top Dressing for

TOBACCO, GRAIN AND GRASSES.

SUMBRERO GUANO,

KETTLEWELL'S GUANO,

BONE DUST,

Lump and Ground Plaster.

Baug's Raw Bone Phosphate

Flour of Bone.

Ford's Fertilizer.

Batholow's Prepared Guano

Cox's Super Phosphate.

Rhodes' "

Soluble Pacific.

Eureka Phosphate.

Swann Island Guano.